

methyl methacrylate, and 10 - 80% by weight of butyl acrylate, better results are achieved when the mixture comprises 18 - 55% by weight of glycidyl methacrylate, 0 - 45% by weight of methyl methacrylate, and 25 - 70% by weight of butyl acrylate, and optimum results are achieved when the mixture comprises 40 - 50% by weight of glycidyl methacrylate, 0 - 15% by weight of methyl methacrylate, and 50 - 60% by weight of butyl acrylate, wherein the % by weight is calculated based on the total amount of olefinically unsaturated monomers present in the mixture before the start of the polymerisation reaction. For example, the mixture can comprise 15 -75% by weight of glycidyl methacrylate, 0 - 60% by weight of methyl methacrylate, and 10 - 85% by weight of butyl acrylate.

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IN THE CLAIMS:

DEC 1 1 2002

TC 1700

Please amend claim 1 to read as follows:

1. (Twice amended) Ambient temperature curing coating composition comprising

$$R2-O-\left[-Si-O-\frac{1}{n}R2\right]$$

- a polysiloxane having the formula

wherein each R1 is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, aryl, and alkoxy groups having up to six carbon atoms, reactive glycidoxy groups, and Si(OR3)₃ groups, wherein each R3 independently has the same meaning as R1, each R2 is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen and alkyl and aryl groups having up to six carbon atoms, and wherein n is selected so that the molecular weight of the polysiloxanes is in the range of from 500 to about 2,000,

 a glycidyl-functional acrylic polymer obtained by polymerisation in the presence of a reactive diluent, the reactive diluent being capable of reacting with a curing agent to form a polymer network, and

